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| APPLICATION NO.  | FILING DATE   | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|------------------|---|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/509,259       | 05/03/2005  | Philipp Lehr         | PD/4-32431A         | 5381             |
| 1095<br>NOVARTIS | 7590 11/19/200  | EXAMINER             |                     |                  |
| CORPORATE        | INTELLECTUAL PRO                                      | JARRELL, NOBLE E     |                     |                  |
| =                | ONE HEALTH PLAZA 104/3<br>EAST HANOVER, NJ 07936-1080 |                      | ART UNIT            | PAPER NUMBER     |
|                  |   |                      | 1624                |                  |
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|                  |   |                      | MAIL DATE           | DELIVERY MODE    |
|                  |   |                      | 11/19/2007          | PAPER            |

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

|  | Application No.   | Applicant(s)   |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
|  | 10/509,259  | LEHR, PHILIPP  |  |  |  |
| Office Action Summary  | Examiner  | Art Unit   |  |  |  |
|  | Noble Jarrell   | 1624   |  |  |  |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app<br>Period for Reply   | ears on the cover sheet with the c  | orrespondence address  |  |  |  |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE | l. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133). |  |  |  |
| Status   |   |  |  |  |  |
| Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>17 Oct</u> This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ This     Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E   | action is non-final.<br>nce except for formal matters, pro  |  |  |  |  |
| Disposition of Claims  |   |  |  |  |  |
| 4) Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw  5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) Claim(s) 1 and 5-10 is/are rejected.  7) Claim(s) 2-4 is/are objected to.  8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or  Application Papers  9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access that any objection to the   | vn from consideration. relection requirement. r. epted or b) □ objected to by the E   |  |  |  |  |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  |   |  |  |  |  |
| 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex  |   | • •  |  |  |  |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119   |   |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul> |   |  |  |  |  |
| Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date 9/27/04;5/03/05.  | 4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5)  Notice of Informal P 6)  Other:   | te   |  |  |  |

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election with traverse of group I in the reply filed on 10/17/2007 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that unity exists between the two groups. This is not found persuasive because groups I and II are classified differently because of the chemical groups formed by the combination of variables R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub>. However, in the course of executing the search for group I, group II was rejoined with group I.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

## Specification

2. Applicant is reminded of the proper content of an Abstract of the Disclosure.

In chemical patent abstracts for compounds or compositions, the general nature of the compound or composition should be given as well as its use, e.g., "The compounds are of the class of alkyl benzene sulfonyl ureas, useful as oral anti-diabetics." Exemplification of a species could be illustrative of members of the class. For processes, the type reaction, reagents and process conditions should be stated, generally illustrated by a single example unless variations are necessary.

Complete revision of the content of the abstract is required on a separate sheet.

3. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because the word "steroid" is misspelled. Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

#### Information Disclosure Statement

4. The information disclosure statement filed September 27, 2004 fails to comply with 37 CFR 1.98(a)(2), which requires a legible copy of each cited foreign patent document; each non-patent literature publication or that portion which caused it to be listed; and all other information or that portion which caused it to be listed. It has been placed in the application file, but the information referred to therein has not been considered.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

5. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

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The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

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6. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for the treatment or prevention of acne, seborrhea, androgenetic alopecia, hirsutism, breast cancer, and the treatment of Alzheimer's disease, does not reasonably provide enablement for the prophylaxis of all cancers or Alzheimer's disease. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

Applicants show the application of the prepared compounds in CHO/STS and human skin homogenate assays. Using these assays as guidelines, the treatment or prevention of acne, seborrhea, androgenetic alopecia, hirsutism, breast cancer, and the treatment of Alzheimer's disease is enabled (Nussbaumer et al. Expert Opinion on Therapeutic Patents, **1999**, *9*(8), 1083-99, section 3) (Poirier et al. Expert Opinion on Therapeutic Patents, **2003**, 13(5), 605-25, section 2.3). Applicants are not enabled for the prevention of all cancers ("Cancer definition" http://www.medterms.com/script/main/art.asp?articlekey=2580, accessed November 6, 2007) and Alzheimer's disease (Pulley et al., US 7,067,507, issued June 27, 2006). The term prophylaxis means the prevention of any disease ("Prophylaxis definition", http://www.medterms.com/script/main/art.asp?articlekey=12063, accessed November 6, 2007). The term "treatment" is defined as "treatment and prophylaxis" (page 13, line 16).

The factors to be considered in determining whether a disclosure meets the enablement requirements of 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, have been described in *In re Wands*, 858 F.2d 731, 8 USPQ2d 1400 (Fed. Cir., 1988). The court in Wands states, "Enablement is not precluded by the necessity for some experimentation, such as routine screening. However, experimentation needed to practice the invention must not be undue experimentation. The key word is 'undue', not 'experimentation'" (Wands, 8 USPQ2sd 1404). Clearly, enablement of a claimed invention cannot be predicated on the basis of quantity of experimentation required to make or use the invention. "Whether undue experimentation is needed is not a

single, simple factual determination, but rather is a conclusion reached by weighing many factual considerations" (*Wands*, 8 USPQ2d 1404). Among these factors are: (1) the nature of the invention; (2) the breadth of the claims; (3) the state of the prior art; (4) the predictability or unpredictability of the art; (5) the relative skill of those in the art; (6) the amount of direction or guidance presented; (7) the presence or absence of working examples; and (8) the quantity of experimentation necessary.

Consideration of the relevant factors sufficient to establish a *prima facie* case for lack of enablement is set forth herein below:

(1) The nature of the invention and (2) the breadth of the claims:

The claims are drawn to the treatment or prevention of disorders mediated by steroid sulfatases.

(3) The state of the prior art and (4) the predictability or unpredictability of the art:

The prior art shows that neoplasia is 100 different diseases and Alzheimer's disease is not preventable.

(5) The relative skill of those in the art:

One of ordinary skill in the art is familiar with the assays described in the specification.

(6) The amount of direction or guidance presented and (7) the presence or absence of working examples:

The specification has provided guidance for the preparation of the claimed compounds as well their testing in steroid sulfatase assays.

However, the specification does not provide for the prevention of all cancers and Alzheimer's disease.

(8) The quantity of experimentation necessary:

Considering the state of the art as discussed by the references above, particularly with regards to claim 8 and the high unpredictability in the art as evidenced therein, and the lack of guidance provided in the specification, one of ordinary skill in the art would be burdened with undue experimentation to practice the invention commensurate in the scope of the claims.

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7. Claim 6 provides for the use of a compound of formula I in the treatment of a steroid sulfatase mediated disorder, but, since the claim does not set forth any steps involved in the method/process, it is unclear what method/process applicant is intending to encompass. A claim is indefinite where it merely recites a use without any active, positive steps delimiting how this use is actually practiced.

Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed recitation of a use, without setting forth any steps involved in the process, results in an improper definition of a process, i.e., results in a claim which is not a proper process claim under 35 U.S.C. 101. See for example *Ex parte Dunki*, 153 USPQ 678 (Bd.App. 1967) and *Clinical Products, Ltd.* v. *Brenner*, 255 F. Supp. 131, 149 USPQ 475 (D.D.C. 1966).

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

8. Claims 1 and 5-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Regarding claim 1, the phrase "for example" renders the claim indefinite because it is unclear whether the limitation(s) following the phrase are part of the claimed invention. See MPEP § 2173.05(d). Because claims 5-10 are dependent on claim 1, they are rendered indefinite as well.

# Claim Objections

9. Claim 3 is objected to because of the following informalities: it fails to end with a period.

Appropriate correction is required.

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### Allowable Subject Matter

10. Claims 2-4 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

11. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: Hamann reports the closest prior art to compound of group II (DE 876846, issued May 18, 1953, see STN abstract, the reference was submitted in the IDS). The reported structure does not read on claim 1 because the sulfonyl group is attached to the piperidine ring through a nitrogen atom, not a carbon atom. Conolly et al. (EP 399556, issued November 28, 1999, see STN search) teach the closest prior art to species of group I. The compound shown does not anticipate or render obvious species of group I because the alkyl group cannot be substituted with CO<sub>2</sub>H.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Noble Jarrell whose telephone number is (571) 272-9077. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7:30 A.M - 6:00 P.M. EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. James O. Wilson can be reached on (571) 272-0661. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Noble Jarrell/ Examiner, Art Unit 1624 /James O. Wilson/ Supervisory Patent Examiner Art Unit 1624